

4.3 Day 2

1. $f(x)$

CP $x=1$ $x=3$ inc $(3,4)$

$$\begin{aligned} x-1 &= 0 & x-3 &= 0 \\ (x-1)(x-3) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

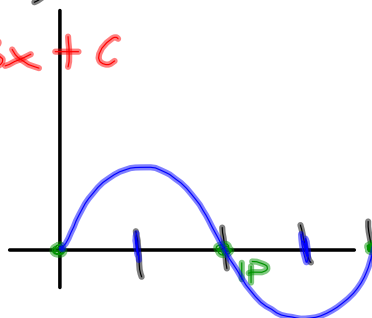
$$f'(x) = x^2 - 4x + 3$$

IP $x=2$

c. down $(0,2)$

c. up $(2,4)$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x + C$$



Nov 17-11:36 AM

3. $f(x)$

inc: $(0,1) \cup (3,4)$

Dec: $(1,3)$

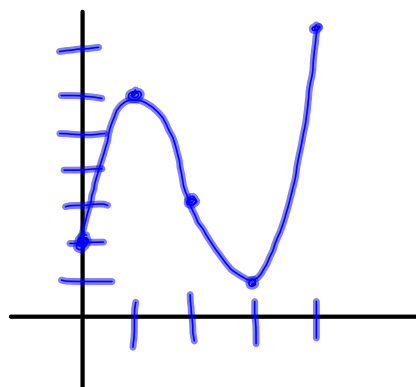
c. up: $(2,4)$

c. down: $(0,2)$

Local max: $x=1$

Local min $x=3$

IP: $x=2$



Nov 17-12:53 PM

ReviewFind a CP: $f'(x) = 0$ or DNE

1. f' changes sign
2. 2nd Deriv. Test

Find an IP: $f''(x) = 0$ Inflection Point

1. $f(x)$ changes concavity
2. f'' changes sign
3. f' changes from dec to inc or inc to dec

Nov 17-12:56 PM

Second Deriv. Test

- If $f'(c) = 0$ and $f''(c) < 0$ then f has a local max @ $x=c$.

- If $f'(c) = 0$ and $f''(c) > 0$ then f has a local min @ $x=c$.

1. $g(x) = -x^3 + 9x$

$$g'(x) = -3x^2 + 9 = 0$$

$$x^2 = 3$$

$$x = \pm\sqrt{3}$$

$$g''(x) = -6x$$

$$g''(-\sqrt{3}) = -6(-\sqrt{3}) = +$$

min @ $x = -\sqrt{3}$

$$g''(\sqrt{3}) = -6\sqrt{3} = -$$

max @ $x = \sqrt{3}$

Nov 17-12:59 PM

$$2. f(x) = x^5 - 80x + 100$$

$$f'(x) = 5x^4 - 80 = 0$$

$$x^4 = 16$$

$$x = \pm 2$$

$$f''(x) = 20x^3$$

$$f''(-2) = 20(-2)^3 = - \quad \text{max @ } x = -2$$

$$f''(2) = 20(2)^3 = + \quad \text{min @ } x = 2$$

Nov 17-1:10 PM

$$3. y = xe^x$$

$$y' = xe^x + e^x = 0$$

$$e^x(x+1) = 0$$

$$e^x \neq 0 \quad x+1=0$$

$$x = -1$$

$$y'' = xe^x + e^x + e^x$$

$$= 2e^x + xe^x \Big|_{x=-1}$$

$$2e^{-1} + (-1)e^{-1}$$

$$\frac{2}{e} - \frac{1}{e} = \frac{1}{e} +$$

min @ $x = -1$

Nov 17-1:12 PM

5. $f(x)$ is inc when f' is pos
 $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-1, 1) \cup (1, \infty)$

Dec: $(-3, -1)$

extrema: when $f' = 0$

$$x = -3 \quad x = -1 \quad x = 1$$

f'' is slope of f'

$$c. up: (-2, -\frac{1}{2}) \cup (1, \infty)$$

$$down: (-\infty, -2) \cup (-\frac{1}{2}, 1)$$

$f'' = 0$ where f' has max/min

$$x = -2, -\frac{1}{2}, 1$$

Nov 17-1:14 PM