

4.4.2

1. minimize SA

$$S = \pi r^2 + 2\pi r h$$

$$S = \pi r^2 + 2\pi r \left(\frac{2197}{\pi r^2} \right)$$

$$S = \pi r^2 + \frac{4394}{r}$$

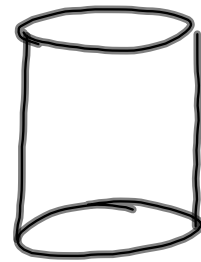
$$S' = \frac{2\pi r^3}{r^2} - \frac{4394}{r^2} = 0$$

$$2\pi r^3 - 4394 = 0$$

$$r^3 = \frac{2197}{\pi}$$

$$r = \sqrt[3]{\frac{2197}{\pi}}$$

$$r = \frac{13}{\sqrt[3]{\pi}}$$



$$V = 2197 = \frac{\pi r^2 h}{\pi r^2}$$

$$h = \frac{2197}{\pi r^2}$$

$$h = \frac{2197}{\pi \left(\frac{13}{\sqrt[3]{\pi}} \right)^2}$$

$$2. P(x) = R(x) - C(x)$$

$$P(x) = \frac{x^2}{x^2+1} - \left(\frac{(x-1)^3}{3} - \frac{1}{3} \right)$$

$$P(x) = \frac{x^2}{x^2+1} - \frac{1}{3}(x-1)^3 + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$P'(x) = \frac{(x^2+1)(2x) - x^2(2x)}{(x^2+1)^2} - |(x-1)^2 \cdot 1$$

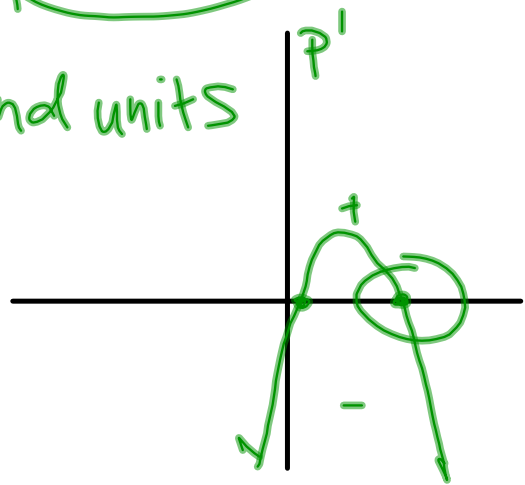
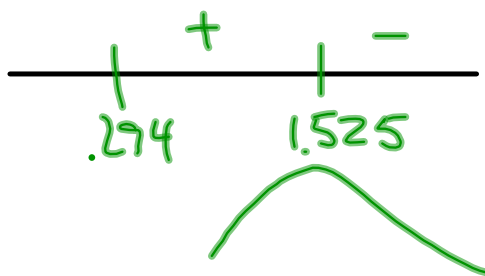
$$= \frac{\cancel{2x^3} + 2x - \cancel{2x^3}}{(x^2+1)^2} - (x-1)^2$$

$$= \frac{2x}{(x^2+1)^2} - \frac{(x-1)^2(x^2+1)^2}{(x^2+1)^2} = 0$$

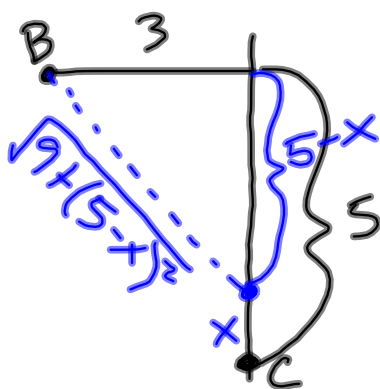
$$2x - (x-1)^2(x^2+1)^2 = 0$$

Zeros: $x \approx .294, 1.525$

1.525 thousand units



3.



$$d = rt$$

$$t = \frac{d}{r}$$

$$t = \frac{d_r}{r} + \frac{d_i}{r}$$

$$t = \frac{\sqrt{9 + (5-x)^2}}{3} + \frac{x}{4}$$

$$t = \frac{\sqrt{9 + 25 - 10x + x^2}}{3} + \frac{x}{4}$$

$$t' = \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{34-10x+x^2}} \right) (2x-10) + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$t = \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{34-10x+x^2} + \frac{1}{4}x$$

$$\left(\frac{2x-10}{6\sqrt{34-10x+x^2}} \right) + \frac{1}{4} = 0$$

$$\text{zeros: } x \approx 1.598 \text{ mi}$$

4. $y = \sqrt{16-x^2}$ $(1, \sqrt{3})$

$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{(x-1)^2 + (\sqrt{16-x^2} - \sqrt{3})^2}$$

$$d^2 = (x-1)^2 + (\sqrt{16-x^2} - \sqrt{3})^2$$

$$d^2 = x^2 - 2x + 1 + 16 - 2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{16-x^2} + 3$$

$$d^2 = -2x + 20 - 2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{16-x^2}$$

$$(d^2)' = -2 - 2\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{-x}{\sqrt{16-x^2}} \right)$$

$$= -2 + \frac{2\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{16-x^2}} = 0$$

$$\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}x}{\sqrt{16-x^2}} \right)^2 = (2)^2$$

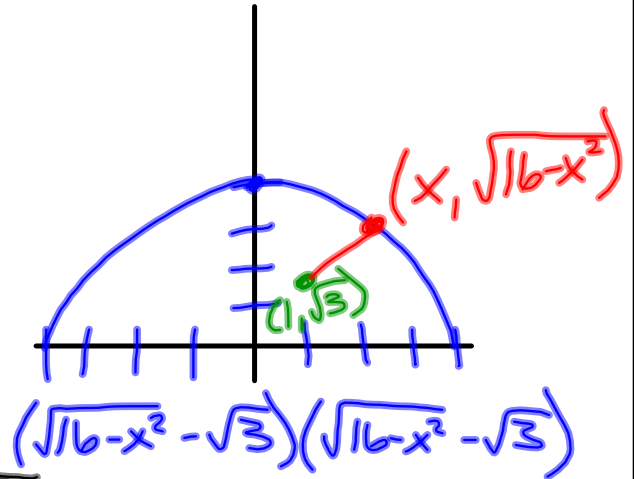
$$\frac{12x^2}{16-x^2} = 4$$

$$64 - 4x^2 = 12x^2$$

$$64 = 16x^2$$

$$x^2 = 4$$

$x = 2$ plug into dist eq.



$$d = \sqrt{(2-1)^2 + (\sqrt{16-4} - \sqrt{3})^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{1 + (\sqrt{12} - \sqrt{3})^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{1 + (2\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{3})^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{1 + (\sqrt{3})^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{1 + 3} = 2$$