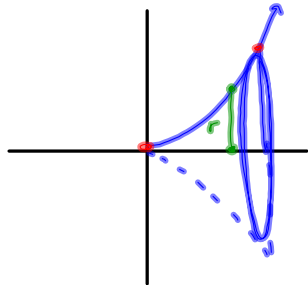


Volumes

$$f(x) = x^2 \quad [0, 4]$$

rotated around the x-axis.



→ $A = \pi y^2 = \pi (x^2)^2$
of crosssections πx^4

$$V = \int_0^4 (\pi x^4) dx$$

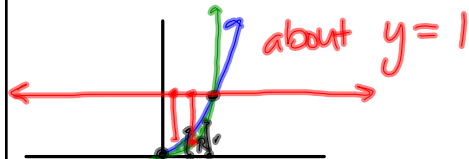
$$\pi \int_0^4 x^4 dx = \pi \left(\frac{1}{5} x^5 \right) \Big|_0^4$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{5} (4^5) = \frac{1024\pi}{5}$$

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$$y = x^2 \quad y = x^3$$

about x-axis

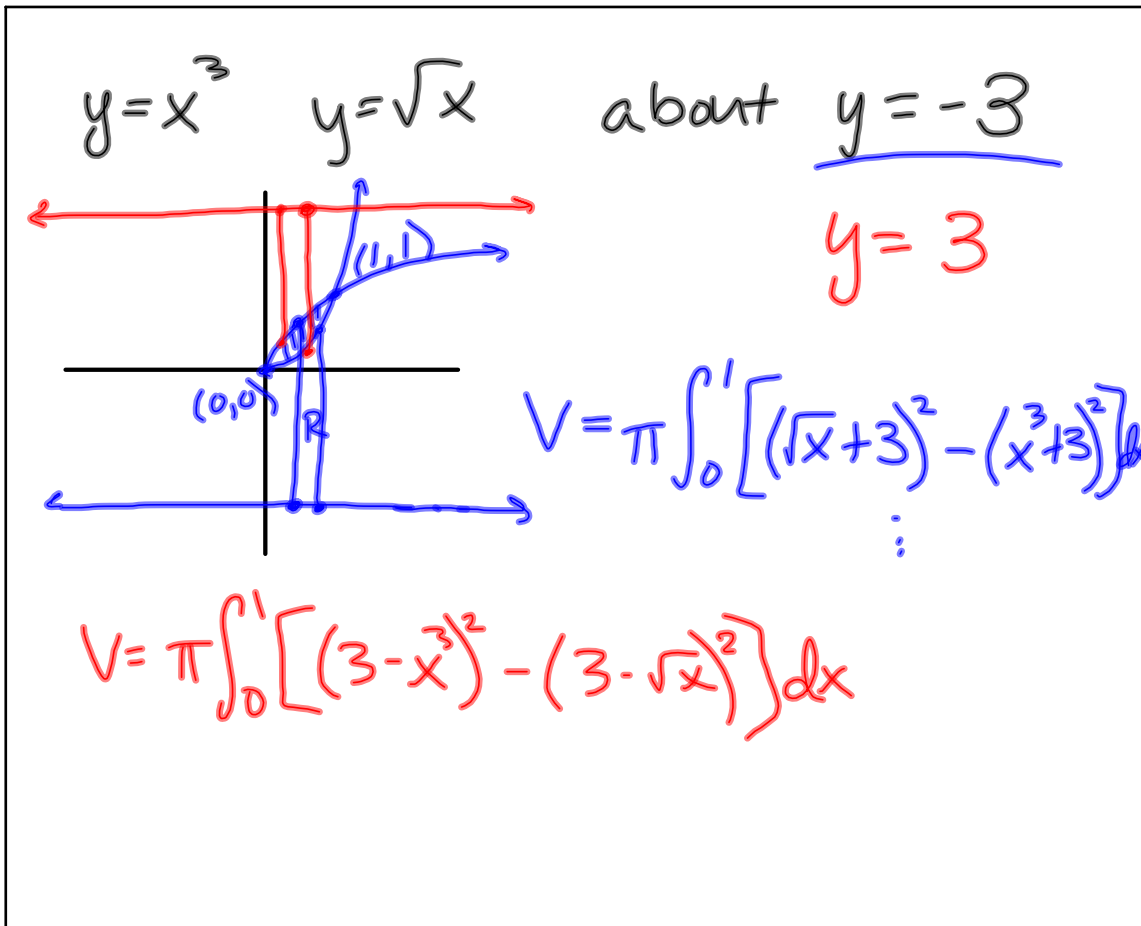


$$V = \pi \int_a^b [R^2 - r^2] dx$$

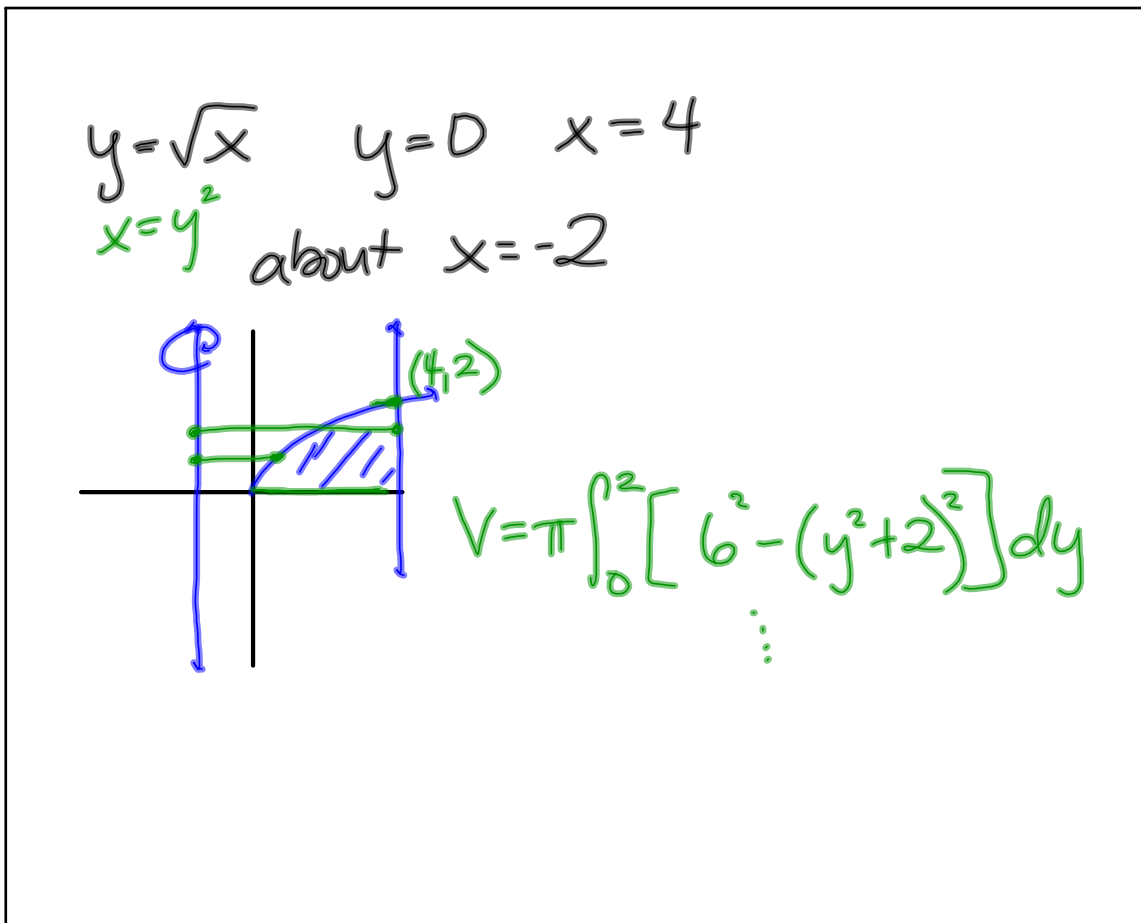
$$V = \pi \int_0^1 [(x^2)^2 - (x^3)^2] dx$$

$$V = \pi \int_0^1 [(1-x^3)^2 - (1-x^2)^2] dx$$

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$y = x^2$ $y = 0$ $x = 2$ about $x = -1$
 $x = \sqrt{y}$

$V = \pi \int_0^4 [3^2 - (\sqrt{y} + 1)^2] dy$

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Let R be the region bounded by the x-axis, the graph of $y = \sqrt{x}$, and the line $x = 4$.

a) Find the area of the region R.

$A = \int_0^4 \sqrt{x} dx = \frac{2}{3} x^{3/2} \Big|_0^4$
 $\frac{2}{3} (4^{3/2} - 0^{3/2}) = \frac{16}{3}$

b) Find the value of h such that the vertical line $x = h$ divides the region R into two regions of equal area.

$\int_0^h \sqrt{x} dx = \frac{8}{3}$
 $\frac{2}{3} x^{3/2} \Big|_0^h = \frac{8}{3}$
 $\frac{2}{3} h^{3/2} = \frac{8}{3}$

$(h^{3/2})^{2/3} = (4)^{2/3}$
 $h = 3\sqrt{16}$

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c) Find the volume of the solid generated when R is revolved about the x-axis.

$$V = \pi \int_0^4 \sqrt{x}^2 dx = \pi \int_0^4 x dx$$

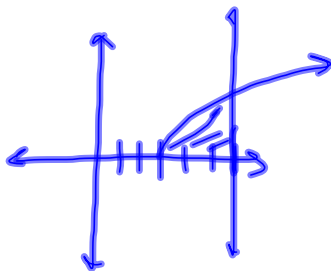
$$\pi \left(\frac{1}{2} x^2 \right) \Big|_0^4 = \frac{\pi}{2} (16 - 0)$$

$$= 8\pi$$

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Let R be the region bounded by the x-axis, the function $y = \sqrt{x-3}$, and the vertical line $x=6$.

a) Find the area of region R.

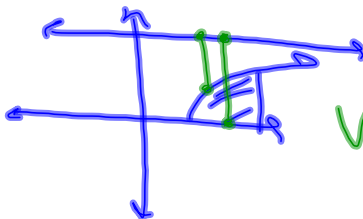


$$A = \int_3^6 \sqrt{x-3} dx$$

$$\frac{2}{3} (x-3)^{\frac{3}{2}} \Big|_3^6 = \frac{2}{3} (3^{\frac{3}{2}} - 0^{\frac{3}{2}})$$

Handwritten notes: $\frac{2}{3}(3^{\frac{3}{2}})$, $\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{27}$, $\frac{2}{3}(3\sqrt{3})$, and $2\sqrt{3}$ circled.

b) Write, but do not evaluate, the integral that represents the volume generated by revolving region R about the horizontal line $y=4$.



$$V = \pi \int_3^6 [4^2 - (4 - \sqrt{x-3})^2] dx$$

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